Introduction to NT Books

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XXI. First Epistle of John

- A. The Authorship of First John¹
 - 1. External Evidence—numerous patristics testified to the Johannine authorship of this epistle including Polycarp to Eusebius.
 - 2. Internal Evidence
 - a. The epistle is anonymous but echoes the Gospel of John in 1:1.
 - b. Many similarities exist between the Gospel and I John including common terms such as Father, Son, Spirit, beginning Word, believe, light, love, etc.
 - c. The author was an eyewitness to both pre-Cross and post-Resurrection ministry of the Lord.
- B. The Audience and Date of First John
 - 1. Irenaeus stated that John ministered in Ephesus in his later years.
 - 2. He probably wrote all of his works in the 90's.
- C. The Purpose of First John
 - 1. He focused on the true Christology to rebut Gnostics, indicating that the Lord Jesus was a physical reality, God incarnate.
 - 2. He wanted his audience to have assurance of salvation by passing the social, moral, and doctrinal tests.
 - 3. He warned them against false teachers who would affect them spiritually and morally.
 - 4. He used the expression "these things I write" to indicate his purpose for them to have joy (1:4), to not sin (2:1), to avoid seducers (2:26), and to have assurance of eternal life (5:13).
- D. The Characteristics of First John
 - 1. He used "we know" thirteen times, from 2:3 to 5:20.
 - 2. John described worldliness through lust of the flesh, lust of the eye, and pride of life (2:15-17).
 - 3. He refuted Gnostic views of Christ:
 - a. The Adoptionists said that the Christ Spirit adopted the human Jesus as his baptism and departed from him at his crucifixion. They denied that Jesus was the Christ (2:22).
 - b. The Docetists said Jesus "seemed" (δ ok $\acute{\epsilon}\omega$) to be in the flesh but was really a phantom. They denied His incarnation (4:3).
 - 4. He taught his people that they knew all things because of four truths:
 - a. They had the Spirit of God (the author of Scripture living within),
 - b. They had the Word of God (the Scriptures),
 - c. They had the Church of God (the local church),
 - d. They had the Man of God (they were submissive to John).
 - 5. He inscripturated the great verse on the Triune Godhead in I Jn. 5:7, giving several sure reasons for it inclusion.

¹The NT lists four Johns, such as John the Baptist, John the Apostle, John Mark, and John of the Sanhedrin (Acts 5:6).

- a. Grammatical
- b. Contextual
- c. Theological
- 6. He taught that Jesus was the true God refuting, all Gnostic heretics who denied His deity (5:20).